

BIAŁYSTOK LAW BOOKS

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Krzysztof Prokop

POLISH
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW



Temida 2
Białystok 2011

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Cover design: Jerzy Banasiuk

Publisher: Temida 2, Faculty of Law, University of Białystok

Series Editor: Izabela Kraśnicka

English language consultant: Aleksandra Czajka

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ISBN: 978–83–62813–13–1

ISSN: 2083–9790

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- EU – European Union
- MP/MEP – Member of the Parliament/Member of the European Parliament
- NIK – Najwyższa Izna Kontroli (The Supreme Chamber of Control)
- GDP – Gross Domestic Product
- NBP – Narodowy Bank Polski (The National Bank of Poland)

INTRODUCTION

The arrangement of the content of the *Polish Constitutional Law* – generally speaking – corresponds to the structure that exists in books of constitutional law written in Polish. It is directly connected with the text of the Polish Constitution of 2nd April, 1997. The main part of the discussion was preceded by presentation of the evolution of the Polish constitutional law until the enactment of the current Constitution (Part I). Part II puts under discussion general principles of the Polish Constitution, then the rights and freedoms of man and citizen (Part III), sources of law (Part IV), institutions of direct democracy (Part V) and the right of election to the Parliament (Part VI). The other parts refer to the structure of state bodies, based on Montesquieu principle of tripartition of powers. Part VII is devoted to the legislative power (the Sejm and the Senate), Part VIII – to the President of the Republic of Poland, Part IX – to the Council of Ministers, Part X – to the local government, Part XI – to courts, Part XII – to the Constitutional Tribunal, Part XIII – to the State Tribunal, while Part XIV – to the bodies of state control and protection of law. Further two chapters are dedicated to public finance (Part XV) and extraordinary measures (Part XVI). The book closes with Part XVII, devoted to constitutional aspects of the Polish membership in the European Union.

The legal situation presented in the book was valid for 1st May, 2011.

The author hopes that the present manual will aid the reader in mastering basic knowledge of Polish constitutional law.

Krzysztof Prokop